

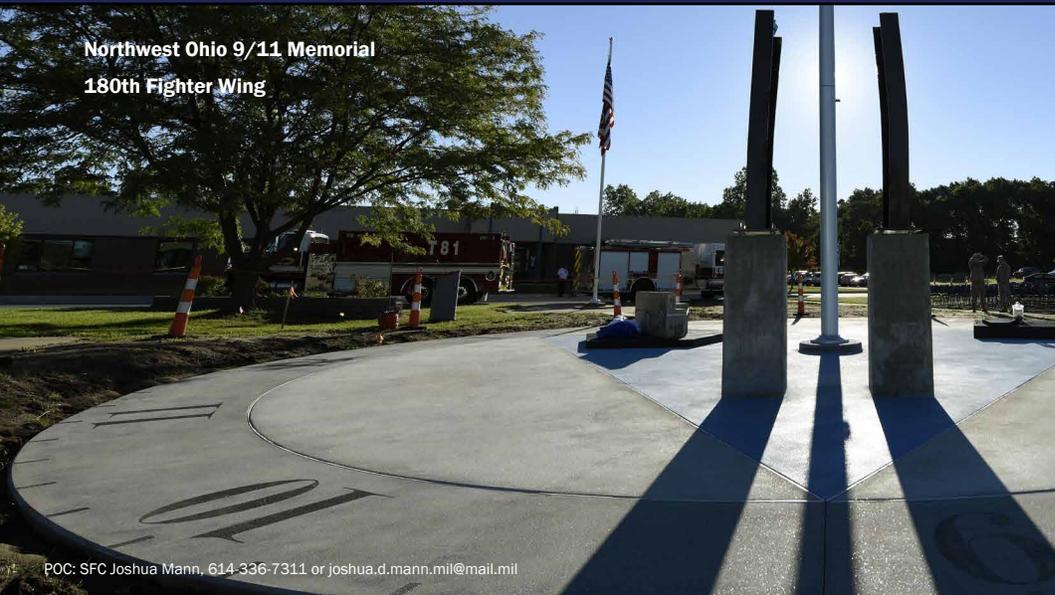
**THROUGH THE LENS**  
SEPTEMBER 8, 1918

Cpl. Murray Hastings, of the 37th Division pigeon section, releases a carrier pigeon near Baccarat, France.

**WEEK IN REVIEW:**

September 11, 2001: Islamic terrorist group Al-Qaeda attacks the United States in New York City and Washington D.C. In response, planes from the 180th Fighter Wing are scrambled to provide military protection of American airspace.

September 12-15, 1918: The American First Army launches an attack against the Saint Mihiel salient in France. Ohio's 166th Infantry, part of the 42d "Rainbow" Division, made the main effort for the IV Corps in the center of the salient's southern edge.



Northwest Ohio 9/11 Memorial  
180th Fighter Wing

**IN THEIR OWN WORDS**  
180TH FIGHTER WING 9/11 RESPONSE

“Our folks at the ops desk didn't know how to take the call, this guy is saying something weird. They're saying they need two jets airborne as soon as possible. I said, you do know who you're calling, right? This is Toledo. That night, I don't know that I immediately made that connection – that this particular airplane [Flight 93] was our tasking. But then, yeah, over the weeks and months that followed, because [Flight 93] was flying essentially westbound, it made more sense that they would call Toledo because we're kind of on the route of flight.”

Col. Scott Reed  
180th Fighter Wing